FVWM Themes

Getting a New Look



ust a few years ago, FVWM [1] was one of the most widely spread window managers. However, if you think that time has passed by the classic desktop, think again. FVWM is not only one of the most highly configurable window managers, it can also use the FVWM themes add-on [3] to quickly and easily change its appearance. All of this is menu-driven, meaning that users who are wary of editing configuration files can avoid the risk.

Package Manager Based Install

You will find the source code and some pre-compiled binaries for RPM and Debian based distributions at [2]. Suse Linux 9.0 works fine with the *fvwm-2.5.8-2.i386.rpm*, *fvwm-themes-0.7.0-2. noarch.rpm* and *fvwm-themes-extra-0.7.0-2.noarch.rpm* RPM packages, for example.

Desktopia

Only you can decide how your desktop looks. With deskTOPia we regularly take you with us on a journey into the land of window managers and desktop environments, presenting the useful and the colorful viewers and pretty toys.

They say that beauty is in the eye of the beholder, and desktop themes are no exception. FVWM themes give one of the oldest window managers a really new look, and whet one's appetite for more. BY HAGEN HÖPFNER

The first package – a developer version of FVWM2 – is required, as the FVWM version provided by Suse Linux is incompatible with the current FVWM themes. The second package contains the theme add-on itself, and the third has a variety of different dressings for the window manager.

Making sure you are root, enter the following command in the download directory:

rpm -Uhv fvwm*.rpm

to install all three packages. However, you can use your distribution's package manager if preferred. The package manager will automatically install any other libraries required by FVWM themes.

If you intend to build FVWM themes yourself, you need to build the current FVWM version first, followed by *fvwm-themes-0.7.0.tar.bz2* and then finally the extra themes (*fvwm-themes-extra-0.7.0.tar.bz2*). For the first two packages, use the normal commands: ./configure; make; su-c make install. Then use the *fvwm-themes-config* Perl script installed by the previous steps to add the extra themes. The command for doing this is:

fvwm-themes-config --site **2**--install fvwm-themes-extra**2**-0.7.0.tar.bz2

Assuming that the *Installation of frwm-themes-extra-0.7.0* is completed message appears when you are finished, your desktop wardrobe now has an extra 16 outfits for the window manager.

Getting Started

The *fvwm-themes-start* takes care of launching the window manager with the

theme extensions. If you log on in text mode, add:

exec /usr/bin/fvwm-themes-start

to the .xinitrc file in your home directory. If you built FVWM themes from the source code, modify the path to use /usr/local/bin instead of /usr/bin. If you log on to the GUI, add the script to the drop-down menu for your login manager. If you have the KDE variant, KDM, you can open the Control Center and select System Administration | Login Manager to do this. Click the Administrator mode button to assume root privileges, and add a new session type with the fvwm-themes-start command in the Sessions tab. The next time you log on, the entry should appear in the KDM drop-down menu.

Up and Running

The shiny new FVWM will launch into the standard look shown in Figure 1. You need to update the selection of themes, before you can choose a new theme. To do so, click the desktop background to access the main menu. Then select

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burg, Germany. Between time spent tinkering with his collection of Linux computers, Hagen likes to direct his creative energy into song-writing, composing lyrics, and playing the guitar for a rock band called "Gute Frage !?" (translates "Good Question").

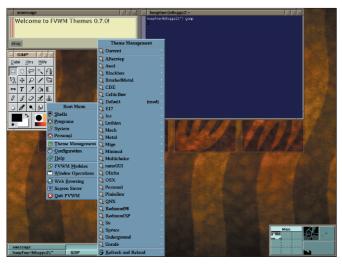


Figure 1: This is what the FVWM themes look like when you launch FVWM for the first time.



Figure 2: Make one from five: "OSX" with title bars from "QNX", buttons from "ICE", the "RedmondXP" background, and the "Sa" color scheme.

Refresh with no cache below Theme Management | Refresh and Reload to tell FVWM to reload its data from the hard disk. The Theme Management menu is also the place to go to choose a new theme.

The quickest way of dressing your desktop is to select a theme, and then click on *all* in the submenu that then appears. This tells FVWM to load the whole collection of definitions supplied by the theme author.

What you get will differ from look to look: some themes just have simple elements, such as window buttons and dressing. Others have all kinds of extras, including a wallpaper, window dressing, menu styles and the color scheme. *OSX* is a good example and reminds users of the Macintosh – at least in part: the menu bar at the top of the screen does not show you the menu for the active program.

Variety is the Spice of Life

If you fail to find a theme that you like, despite the collection of 20 on offer, there is nothing to stop you designing your own desktop. You can select components from available themes, just like building blocks. Start off with the look that comes closest to what you are trying to achieve.

For example, if you decide to emulate the Windows XP theme, first select *Theme Management* | *RedmondXP* | *background*. This tells FVWM to replace just the background in the current theme. To add window dressing you

need to select three elements: *windowlook*, *colors-decor*, and *buttons* for the window buttons.

If you then select the color scheme from another theme, (colors), note that you will overwrite the current title bar by doing so. To prevent this, lock the window frame colors by selecting Theme Management | Current | colors-decor | Lock this component. This will prevent FVWM from changing the title bars until you release this entry again, no matter what theme or colors you choose. This feature also allows you to lock down other parts of the desktop, meaning that you could use the same background no matter what theme you have. With a bit of imagination, you can design a desktop that no-one else has (see Figure 2).

If it bothers you that the focus shifts to the window below the mouse on mouse over in almost all themes, there is a menu function to stop FVWM doing this. Select *Configuration* | *Global Feel GUI*, check *Click on a window to get Focus*

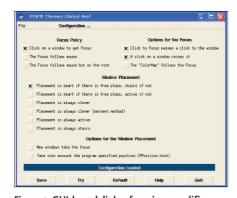


Figure 3: GUI-based dialog for minor modifications.

(see Figure 3). This tells FVWM to behave just like Windows or the KDE default. Windows are activated by clicking, and keep the focus until you click on another window.

If you prefer to tile open windows, rather than allowing them to overlap, you can additionally enable *Placement is smart if there is free place, stairs if not*. This tells FVWM to cascade windows only when it runs out of room on the desktop. There is also an option to tell the window manager to tile new windows. If it runs out of room, it will ask the user to place the window rather than deciding itself. To do so, FVWM displays a window frame at the cursor position, allowing the user to click to drop the window at the current position.

If you want add theme extensions to modify FVWM even further to reflect your requirements, such as increasing the number of virtual desktops, you have no option, but to use your editor. The FVWM Themes FAQ at [3] provides an introduction to editing FVWM configuration files. Even without manual editing of configuration files, FVWM themes can easily hold their own with other desktops.

INFO [1] René van Bevern, "The Chameleon", Linux Magazine, Issue 46, p. 78 [2] FVWM Themes: http://fvwm-themes.sourceforge.net/ [3] FVWM Themes FAQ: http://fvwm-themes. sourceforge.net/doc/FAQ